REQUEST FOR APPLICATIONS
Methyl Bromide Transition Program (MBT)

FUNDING YEAR: Fiscal Year 2020
APPLICATION DEADLINE: May 22, 2020
LETTER OF INTENT DEADLINE: Not Required
AWARD AMOUNT: $500,000
CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE NUMBER: 10.303
INITIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
National Institute of Food and Agriculture
United States Department of Agriculture

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance. The MBT is listed in the Assistance Listings under the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number 10.303.

Table 1: Key Dates and Deadlines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task Description</th>
<th>Deadline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application</td>
<td>5:00 P.M. Eastern Time May 22, 2020 [Ref to Table 2 of this RFA]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter of Intent</td>
<td>Not Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applicants Comments</td>
<td>Within six months from the issuance of this notice (NIFA may not consider comments received after the sixth month)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stakeholder Input. The National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA) seeks comments on all request for applications (RFAs) so it can deliver programs efficiently, effectively, with integrity, and with a focus on customer service. NIFA considers comments, to the extent possible when developing RFAs and use comments to help meet the requirements of Section 103(c)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7613(c)(2)). Applicants may submit written comments to Policy@usda.gov (email is for comments only). Please use the following subject line: Response to the Methyl Bromide Transition RFA.

Centers of Excellence. Applicants are encouraged to visit the NIFA’s Centers of Excellence (COE) for information on COE designation process, including COE criteria, and a list of programs offering COE opportunities. Recording of COE outreach and COE implementation webinars are also available.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This notice identifies the objectives for the Methyl Bromide Transition Program (MBT) projects, deadlines, funding information, eligibility criteria for projects and applicants, and application forms and associated instructions.

NIFA requests applications for the MBT program for fiscal year (FY) 2020 to support the discovery and implementation of practical pest management alternatives for commodities and uses affected by the methyl bromide phase-out. The anticipated amount available for grants in FY 2020 is approximately $1.8 million.

In FY 2020, applications are sought for the following project types:

1. Integrated Projects
2. Extension-Only Projects.
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

INITIAL ANNOUNCEMENT ............................................................................................................. 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .................................................................................................................. 2

PART I. FUNDING OPPORTUNITY DESCRIPTION ............................................................................. 5
   A. Legislative Authority ................................................................................................................. 5
   B. Purpose and Priorities .............................................................................................................. 5

PART II. AWARD INFORMATION ................................................................................................. 8
   A. Available Funding .................................................................................................................... 8
   B. Application Restrictions .......................................................................................................... 8
   C. Project Types .......................................................................................................................... 8
   D. Ethical Conduct of Funded Projects ....................................................................................... 11

PART III. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION ..................................................................................... 12
   A. Eligibility Requirements .......................................................................................................... 12
   B. Cost Sharing or Matching ...................................................................................................... 12
   C. Centers of Excellence ............................................................................................................ 12

PART IV. APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION ............................................................................. 14
   A. Method of Application ............................................................................................................ 14
   B. Content and Form of the Application ..................................................................................... 14
   C. Funding Restrictions ............................................................................................................. 19

PART V. APPLICATION REVIEW REQUIREMENTS ................................................................... 20
   A. NIFA’s Evaluation Process ..................................................................................................... 20
   B. Evaluation Criteria .................................................................................................................. 20
   C. Confidential Aspects of Applications and Awards ............................................................... 21
   D. Regulatory Information .......................................................................................................... 21

APPENDIX I: AGENCY CONTACT ............................................................................................. 22

APPENDIX II: GLOSSARY OF TERMS ..................................................................................... 23

APPENDIX III: DEFINITIONS ................................................................................................... 24
TABLE OF TABLES

Table 1: Key Dates and Deadlines................................................................. 1
Table 2: Program Key Information............................................................... 7
Table 3: Methyl Bromide Transition Program Logic Model................................ 10
Table 4: Steps to Obtain Application Materials............................................ 14
Table 5: Help and Resources ....................................................................... 14
Table 6: Key Application Instructions............................................................ 15
PART I. FUNDING OPPORTUNITY DESCRIPTION

A. Legislative Authority
Section 406 of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (AREERA) (7 U.S.C. 7626), as reauthorized by Section 7306 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (FCEA) (Pub. L. 110-246) and by Section 7302 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (H.R. 2642; Pub. L. 113-79), authorized the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a competitive grants program that provides funding for integrated, multifunctional agricultural research, extension, and education activities. Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this program, the Secretary may award grants to colleges and universities (as defined by section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (NARETPA) (7 U.S.C. 3103)), as amended, on a competitive basis for projects that address priorities in United States agriculture and involve integrated research, education, and extension activities, as determined by the Secretary in consultation with the National Agricultural Research, Extension, Education, and Economics Advisory Board (NAREEEAB).

Section 7206 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 amended section 406(b) of AREERA to add the 1994 Land-Grant Institutions as eligible to apply for grants under this authority. Section 7129 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (FCEA) (Pub. L.110-246) amended section 406(b) of AREERA (7 U.S.C. 7626(b)) adding Hispanic-serving agricultural colleges and universities (HSACU) as eligible entities for competitive funds awarded under this authority (see Part III § A for more information).

B. Purpose and Priorities
This RFA solicits applications for the Methyl Bromide Transition (MBT) program. Methyl bromide is an odorless, colorless gas that is used as an agricultural soil and structural fumigant to control a wide variety of pests. Methyl bromide depletes the stratospheric ozone layer and is classified as a Class 1 ozone-depleting substance. In accordance with the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer and the Clean Air Act (Overview of the Clean Air Act and Air Pollution), the United States government agreed to reduce methyl bromide production and net imports incrementally from the 1991 baseline until the complete phase-out in 2005. Since 2005, the only allowable exemptions are critical use exemptions (CUE), quarantine and pre-shipment exemptions (QPS).

The primary goal of the MBT program is to support the discovery and implementation of practical pest management alternatives to methyl bromide. The MBT program seeks to solve pest problems in key agricultural production and post-harvest management systems, processing facilities, and transport systems for which methyl bromide has been withdrawn or withdrawal is imminent.

Proposals may integrate research and extension activities, or be extension-only, and be designed to provide transitional alternatives that address immediate needs resulting from the loss of availability of methyl bromide. The pressure to completely phase-out methyl bromide has created an urgent need for new economical and effective pest control tactics to control soil-borne and postharvest pests, and pests that need to be controlled by the processing and shipping industries to meet regulatory standards. All proposals must include a description of the economic analysis of costs and efficacy of implementing the new replacement technology.
Applications submitted to the MBT program must incorporate appropriate integrated pest management (IPM) concepts of prevention, avoidance, monitoring, and suppression of pest populations. NIFA anticipates that funded projects will cover a broad range of new methodologies, technologies, systems, and strategies for controlling economically important pests for which methyl bromide has been the only effective management option. The MBT program solicits applications that address systems solutions or strategic (multi-tactic) approaches, rather than focusing on any single tactic to replace methyl bromide. Consider and evaluate non-fumigant management options where possible. Promising alternatives to methyl bromide must be evaluated under commercial or field-scale conditions for multiple years to ensure that positive results are not due, in part, to low pest pressure following many years of methyl bromide fumigation or variable environmental conditions. A goal of the MBT program is to demonstrate that performance of alternatives is consistent over several production cycles and is technically and economically feasible when scaled-up from research plots to commercial scale. A priority of integrated and extension-only projects is to enhance grower/industrial user knowledge and adoption/implementation of appropriate methyl bromide replacement strategies through extension outreach and demonstrations relevant to real-world systems. All applications must include an objective that describes an economic analysis of the costs and efficacy of implementing the new replacement technology, and a description of methods that will be used in the project to complete the economic analysis of the efficacy and affordability of the replacement strategy.

In FY 2020, the MBT program seeks applications for projects to ensure that economically viable and environmentally-sound alternatives to methyl bromide are in place and available as soon as possible for commodities that have been impacted by the phase-out of methyl bromide.

Applications also will be accepted to find alternatives for commodities that have current Quarantine and Pre-shipment (QPS) Exemptions. Applications must include an economic analysis of the alternative methodology and describe the methods to evaluate the cost/benefit of making the transition to adoption of the new strategy and provide a clear economic analysis of all aspects of implementation of the new strategies.

Projects supporting the transition to an alternative type of cropping/storage/processing system that avoids the need for disinestation with methyl bromide (e.g., transition to a covered system using soilless culture) will be considered if the alternative has the potential to serve as a viable short to medium-term solution for operations that are currently dependent on methyl bromide or have been impacted by the phase-out of methyl bromide.

Proposals that address integrated pest management issues in commodities not affected by the phase-out of methyl bromide and research-only proposals may be more appropriate for the Applied Research and Development program area of the Crop Protection and Pest Management Program.

Applications submitted to the MBT program must address one or more of the following questions:

1. How can non-fumigant management options be developed and/or improved as part of a systems-based integrated pest management strategy?
2. What integrated strategies could be used to improve soil health, resulting in improved pest management in crops impacted by the loss of methyl bromide in the pre-harvest environment? Examples include altering the microbial community of the soil to favor beneficial microorganisms that could inhibit pests and pathogens; soil amendments to reduce pests; and use of cover crops and rotations to reduce pest populations.

3. What strategies could be used in a systems-based integrated pest management approach to improve pest management in the post-harvest environments impacted by the loss of methyl bromide?

4. How can current methyl bromide alternatives be improved or combined to improve their effectiveness and economic viability?

**eXtension.** MBT encourages (but does not require) projects that develop content suitable for delivery through eXtension.

The MBT program is aligned with the [USDA Strategic Goal 2](#): Maximize the Ability of American Agricultural Producers to Prosper by Feeding and Clothing the World.

**Table 2: Program Key Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Program Code:</td>
<td>112.C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Code Name:</td>
<td>Methyl Bromide Transition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFDA Number</td>
<td>10.303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Type:</td>
<td>Integrated, Extension-Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grant Type:</td>
<td>Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Deadline</td>
<td>May 22, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grant Duration:</td>
<td>24-36 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anticipated # of Awards</td>
<td>4-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Award Amount:</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PART II. AWARD INFORMATION

A. Available Funding
The anticipated amount available for MBT in FY 2020 is approximately $1.8 million. USDA is not committed to funding any particular application or to make a specific number of awards. The Automated Standard Application for Payments, operated by the Department of Treasury, Bureau of Fiscal Service, is the designated payment system for awards resulting from this RFA.

B. Application Restrictions
NIFA will evaluate applications using the criteria described in Part V of this RFA. Applications for FY 2020 are limited to the following application types:

1. **New application**: New applications will be evaluated using the criteria described in Part V of this RFA and are subject to the due dates herein (see Appendix III for definition).

2. **Resubmitted application**: Resubmitted applications must include the response to the previous review panel summary and are subject to the same criteria and due dates herein. Resubmitted applicants must enter the NIFA-assigned proposal number of the previously submitted application in the Federal Field (Field 4) on the application form (see Appendix III for definition).

C. Project Types
The following describes the two types of projects that are eligible for funding. Applicants must propose one of the following project types:

1. **Integrated projects** focus on research for new alternatives and extension to encourage adoption and implementation of methyl bromide alternatives.

   If you are submitting an application for an integrated project, incorporate, and identify, research and extension goals into the proposed project. As a general guideline, no more than two thirds of the project’s budget should be devoted to either function. Extension efforts, such as field demonstrations, grower trials, workshops, and distributed information, should result in commercial awareness, understanding, and adoption of new technology and alternatives to methyl bromide fumigation. Economic analysis of the proposed new strategy must be an integral part of the project. Also, include in your proposal the requirements listed below for both integrated and extension-only projects.

2. **Extension-Only projects** increase levels of adoption and implementation of pest management strategies by producers and growers.

   Extension-only projects facilitate the adoption and implementation of practices that will result in effective management of pests without the use of methyl bromide and will lead to measurable behavior changes in the identified audience or stakeholder group. Project proposals may include development of extension materials and information delivery systems for outreach efforts, conducting field-scale or on-farm demonstrations, or delivery of IPM extension outreach, and training. Document the existence of a research base relevant to the extension effort. Include an economic analysis of the proposed new strategy as an integral part of the project. Analyses of target population risk perception and economic constraints to
adoption are essential for all extension-only projects. Also, include in your proposal the requirements listed below for both integrated and extension-only projects.

Requirements for Both Integrated and Extension-Only projects:

a. Scalability. Research on alternatives must be at the commercial or field-scale over multiple season/cycles. Large-scale trials will be a key component of successful proposals, as they may identify variability, technical problems, and pest relationships pertinent to marketable yields that may not be evident in small plot trials. Extension-Only projects must be conducted at the commercial or field scale.

b. Economic Analysis. Integrated and Extension-only projects must include an economic analysis with direct comparison of cost effectiveness of proposed alternatives in the absence of methyl bromide to no treatment. Additionally, the following is required:
   • Analysis of the overall transition cost to a new technology, from acquisition of materials and knowledge to efficacy metrics
   • Analyses of profit margins including information on the cost calculation, the cost/amount of the new technology and the value of the labor used, and any equipment needed for the application.
   • Changes in revenues (e.g., changes in the commodity price or more importantly, changes in quantity of the available commodity for marketing).
   • The appropriate expertise of the team submitting the application to conduct the economic analysis.

c. Justification. Provide a justification statement in the Project Narrative (see Part IV § B2bi. for more information): (1) to explain the issues and economic losses faced by their commodity since the phase-out of methyl bromide and (2) on how the proposed project could result in economically feasible methyl bromide alternatives.

d. Extension. Clearly identify Extension personnel involved in the project. Clearly delineate formal extension programs to expedite adoption and implementation of proposed alternatives in the proposal and clearly outline funding for these activities in the Budget Narrative.

e. Timeline. Explicitly describe timelines for completion of the major objectives in the application for the entire project period, which may range from one to three years from the start date. NIFA expects experiments to be replicated in at least two separate trials and results to be presented to the relevant user community within the time period of the project.

f. Logic model. All applicants are required to: (1) submit a project-specific logic model chart as part of each application and (2) explain how the proposed work supports the programmatic logic model chart provided in Table 3. Include in the logic model chart all of the following: inputs, outputs (participants and activities), outcomes, situation, assumptions, and external factors of the proposed project. See Project Types (Part II § C) and Application and Submission (Part IV § B2h) for specific requirements for the inclusion of the logic model within the application. More information and resources related to the logic model planning process are provided at: https://nifa.usda.gov/resource/integrated-programs-logic-model-planning-process and https://logicmodels.ipmcenters.org/.
Please note: The programmatic logic model chart for the MBT program (Table 3) incorporates stakeholder input, anticipated outcomes, and all appropriate elements. NIFA will use the programmatic logic model to guide the development of future funding priorities and to document the impact of investments made by the MBT program.

Table 3: Methyl Bromide Transition Program Logic Model

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inputs</th>
<th>Outputs: Participants</th>
<th>Outputs: Activities/Products</th>
<th>Outcome/Impacts: Change in Knowledge (Short Term)</th>
<th>Outcome/Impacts: Change in Actions/Behavior (Medium Term)</th>
<th>Outcome/Impacts: Change in Condition (Long Term)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual appropriation</td>
<td>Stakeholders</td>
<td>Respond to authorization and appropriation</td>
<td>Gap analysis reveals research needs</td>
<td>New alternatives to methyl bromide both chemical and nonchemical, increasing in usage</td>
<td>Pests are controlled economically without the use of methyl bromide, complying with the Montreal Protocol and Clean Air Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USDA coordination</td>
<td>Producers and processors</td>
<td>Publish RFA</td>
<td>New options for management of commodity pests developed</td>
<td>Best management practices for integrated pest management adopted</td>
<td>No further Critical Use Nominations (CUNs) Critical Use Exemptions (CUE) are needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USDA intra-agency coordination</td>
<td>Commodity groups</td>
<td>Recruit panel managers and peer review panelists</td>
<td>Existing knowledge adapted to commodity systems</td>
<td>New technologies and innovations for producers and processors being implemented</td>
<td>Increased production due to reduced pest losses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. government interagency coordination</td>
<td>General public</td>
<td>Conduct peer review panel meetings</td>
<td>Current knowledge is applied to a strategic plan to eliminate methyl bromide between commodity producer and processors and researchers</td>
<td>Economic feasibility and effective methyl bromide alternatives in use</td>
<td>Reduced environmental risks from environmentally damaging pest control methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Directors</td>
<td>Colleges and universities</td>
<td>Award funds to meritorious applications</td>
<td>Best management practices available for Extension to communicate to stakeholders</td>
<td>Continued production of safe, affordable, and high-quality commodities</td>
<td>U.S. production practices adopt and implement appropriate alternatives to methyl bromide, assuring U.S. producers a competitive place in the global marketplace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support Staff</td>
<td>Cooperative Extension</td>
<td>Promote the development of alternatives to methyl bromide</td>
<td>New knowledge applied to an evolving strategic plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panel Managers</td>
<td>University scientists and Extension specialists</td>
<td>Communicate positive outcomes to key stakeholders</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review Panels members</td>
<td>Stakeholder and partner comments</td>
<td>Collect and communicate impact data</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Logic Model Chart Supporting Information:

Assumptions:
Proposal will address commodities and industries negatively impacted by the phase-out of methyl bromide
Multidisciplinary teams include economic analysis of the tested alternative
Integrated projects provide best management practices to producers and processors

External Factors:
Congressional funding/appropriations
EPA Pesticide Registration
Montreal Protocol and Clean Air Act
Methyl Bromide Technical Options Committee (MBTOC) decisions
g. **Project Director Meeting.** For all funded projects, at least one member of the project team is required to attend the annual International Methyl Bromide Alternatives Outreach Conference (MBAO) ([www.mbao.org](http://www.mbao.org)) starting with the second year of funding, or another relevant conference if applicable. For the purposes of budget development, applicants are required to request funds to support participation in at least one MBAO conference or an alternative conference approved by NIFA. Show your requests for funds for project director meetings in the budget and budget narrative of the application.

D. **Ethical Conduct of Funded Projects**
In accordance with sections 2, 3, and 8 of 2 CFR Part 422, institutions that conduct USDA-funded extramural research must foster an atmosphere conducive to research integrity, bear primary responsibility for prevention and detection of research misconduct, and maintain and effectively communicate and train their staff regarding policies and procedures. In the event an application to NIFA results in an award, the Authorized Representative (AR) assures, through acceptance of the award that the institution will comply with the above requirements. Award recipients must, upon request, make available to NIFA the policies, procedures, and documentation to support the conduct of the training. See [Responsible and Ethical Conduct of Research](#) for further information.
PART III. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

A. Eligibility Requirements
Applicants for the MBT must meet all the requirements discussed in this RFA. Failure to meet the eligibility criteria by the application deadline may result in exclusion from consideration or, preclude NIFA from making an award. For those new to Federal financial assistance, NIFA’s Grants Overview provides highly recommended information about grants and other resources to help understand the Federal awards process.

Applications may only be submitted by colleges and universities (as defined in section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (NARETPA)) (7 U.S.C. 3103) to the MBT Competitive Grants Program. Section 1404 of NARETPA was amended by section 7101 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (FCEA) to define Hispanic-serving Agricultural Colleges and Universities (HSACUs) and to include research foundations maintained by eligible colleges or universities. Section 406(b) of AREERA (7 U.S.C. 7626), was amended by section 7206 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 to add the 1994 Land-Grant Institutions as eligible to apply for grants under this authority.

Award recipients may subcontract to organizations not eligible to apply provided such organizations are necessary for the conduct of the project. Failure to meet an eligibility criterion by the application deadline may result in the application being excluded from consideration or, even though an application may be reviewed, will preclude NIFA from making an award.

Duplicate or Multiple Submissions – duplicate or multiple submissions are not allowed. NIFA will disqualify both applications if an applicant submits duplicate or multiple submissions. For those new to Federal financial assistance, NIFA’s Grants Overview provides highly recommended information about grants and other resources to help understand the Federal awards process.

B. Cost Sharing or Matching
Match Required – Applicants MUST provide matching contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis for all Federal funds awarded under the MBT. NIFA may waive the matching funds requirement for a grant if one of the following applies:
1. The results of the project, while of particular benefit to a specific agricultural commodity, are likely to be applicable to agricultural commodities generally; or
2. The project involves a minor commodity, the project deals with scientifically important research, and the grant recipient is unable to satisfy the matching funds requirement.

C. Centers of Excellence
Pursuant to Section 7214 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79), NIFA will recognize and prioritize COE applicants that carry out research, extension, and education activities that relate to the food and agricultural sciences. A COE is composed of one or more of the following entities that provide financial or in-kind support to the COE:
1. State agricultural experiment stations;
2. Colleges and universities;
3. University research foundations;
4. Other research institutions and organizations;
5. Federal agencies;
6. National laboratories;
7. Private organizations, foundations, or corporations;
8. Individuals; or
9. Any group consisting of two or more of the entities described in (1) through (8).
PART IV. APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION

A. Method of Application
Applicants must apply to this RFA electronically; no other method or response is accepted. The electronic application for this RFA and additional resources are available on Grants.gov and Grants 101. Table 4 provides instructions on how to obtain an electronic application. Part II § 1 of the NIFA Grants.gov Application Guide (Application Guide) contains detailed information regarding the Grants.gov registration process.

Table 4: Steps to Obtain Application Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Steps</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step One: Register</td>
<td><em>New Users to Grants.gov</em> must register early with Grants.gov prior to submitting an application (<a href="#">Register Here</a>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step Two: Download Adobe</td>
<td>Download and Install Adobe Reader (see <a href="#">Adobe Software Compatibility</a> for basic system requirements).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step Three: Find Application</td>
<td>Using this funding opportunity number USDA-NIFA-ICGP-007375, search for application here: <a href="#">Opportunity Package</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step Four: Assess Readiness</td>
<td>Contact an AR prior to starting an application to assess the organization’s readiness to submit an electronic application.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5: Help and Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grants.gov Support</th>
<th>NIFA Support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grants.gov Online Support</td>
<td>Email: <a href="mailto:electronic@usda.gov">electronic@usda.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone support: 800-518-4726 Toll-Free or 606-545-5035</td>
<td><em>Key Information</em>: Business hours: Monday thru Friday, 7a.m. – 5p.m. ET, except <a href="#">federal holidays</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email support: <a href="mailto:support@grants.gov">support@grants.gov</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-service customer based support: Grants.gov iPortal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Key Information</em>: Customer service business Hours 24/7, except <a href="#">federal holidays</a>.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Content and Form of the Application
The Application Guide is part of the corresponding application package for this RFA. The RFA overrides the Application Guide if there is a discrepancy between the two documents. NIFA will accept subsequent submissions to an application until the application deadline. However, applicants that do not meet the application requirements, to include partial applications, risk being excluded from NIFA’s review. NIFA will assign a proposal number to all applications that meet the requirements of this RFA. Applicants must refer to the proposal number when corresponding with NIFA. Table 6 outlines other key instructions for applicants.
Table 6: Key Application Instructions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instruction</th>
<th>References</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attachments must be in a portable document format (PDF) format.</td>
<td>Part III § 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the manifest of submitted files to verify attachments are in the correct format.</td>
<td>Part III § 6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conduct an administrative review of the application before submission.</td>
<td>Part VII</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow the submission instructions.</td>
<td>Part IV § 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide an accurate email address, where designated, on the SF-424 R&amp;R.</td>
<td>Part IV § 1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact the Grants.gov helpdesk for technical support, and keep a record of the correspondence.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact NIFA if applicant does not received correspondence from NIFA regarding an application within 30 days of the application deadline.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SF 424 R&R Cover Sheet.** See Part V § 2 and Part V § 2.17 of the Application Guide for the required certifications and assurances.

Please note the start date for FY 2020 MBT awards can be no later than September 1, 2020.

**SF 424 R&R Project/Performance Site Location(s).** See Part V § 3 of the Application Guide.

**R&R Other Project Information Form.** See Part V § 4 of the Application Guide.

1. Field 7. Project Summary (PS)/Abstract. The PS must list the names and institutions of the PD and co-PDs. In the first line of the summary, state the type of project you are submitting; for example, “This is an Integrated project” or “This is an Extension-Only project.” Also, the PS must show how the project goals align with the project goals of the MBT program. See Part V § 4.7 of the Application Guide for instructions and suggested templates.

2. Field 8. Project Narrative (PN). The PN must not exceed 18 1.5 spaced pages of written text, figures and tables (the font size for tables should be no smaller than 11 points, Times New Roman). The page limits outlined here ensure fair and equitable competition. Appendices to the PN are allowed if they are directly germane to the proposed project. Do not add appendices to circumvent the page limit. The PN must include all of the following:

   a. **Introduction:**
      i. State the project type (Integrated, Extension-Only).
      ii. Include a clear statement of the long-term goal(s) and list the objectives of the proposed project.
      iii. Summarize the body of knowledge or past activities that substantiate the need for the proposed project including information about or reference to the specific
critical issue pest management strategy or similar document with identifiable stakeholder input.

iv. Describe ongoing or recently completed activities significant to the proposed project including the work of key project personnel. Include preliminary data/information pertinent to the proposed project. Reference all works cited [see Bibliography & References Cited (Part IV § B3)].

b. Rationale and Significance:
   i. Concisely present the rationale behind the proposed project. Provide a justification statement: (1) to explain the issues and economic losses faced by their commodity since the phase-out of methyl bromide and (2) how the proposed project could result in economically feasible methyl bromide alternatives.
   ii. Include the economic and yield losses faced by the commodity or industry due to the loss of methyl bromide.
   iii. Present a clear, concise set of project objectives including cost/benefit analysis of new approaches. For Extension projects: What is the value of adopting the new technology? In this section, describe any novel ideas or contributions that the proposed project offers.

c. Objectives:
   i. Provide clear, concise descriptions of the specific objectives of the proposed project. Clearly number the objectives.
   ii. Include the description of the appropriate economic analysis for the respective project type. Include the methodology and design for the economic analysis.

d. Approach: Clearly state the activities proposed or problems addressed and clearly describe the approaches applied. Specifically include in this section:
   i. A description of the activities proposed and the sequence in which the activities are to be performed.
   ii. Methods to be used in carrying out the proposed project, including the feasibility of the methods.
   iii. Expected outcomes. Provide milestones and verifiable indicators to measure impact across a broad range of criteria (e.g., a timeline for grower adoption of techniques that lead to production, economic, and environmental benefits).
   iv. Means by which results will be analyzed, assessed, or interpreted. Describe plans to evaluate the outreach component, including means by which data will be analyzed and interpreted, and details of plans to communicate results to stakeholders and the public.
   v. Describe pitfalls that may be encountered.
   vi. Describe limitations to proposed procedures.
   vii. Describe stakeholder involvement in identification of project priorities, their implementation, and adoption.

e. Project Timeline: Provide a timeline for attainment of objectives and for production of deliverables that includes annual milestones with specific, measurable outcomes. Outline all-important phases as a function of time, year by year, for the entire project, including periods beyond the grant-funding period. Proposals that are non-compliant with the requirement for a timeline will be at risk of being excluded from NIFA review.

f. Cooperation and Institutional Involvement: Cooperative, multi-institutional and multidisciplinary applications are encouraged. Where applicable, identify each institutional unit contributing to the project and designate the lead institution or
institutional unit. Clearly define the programmatic roles, responsibilities and budget for each institutional partner.

g. **Data Management Plan.** See below for details.

h. **Logic Model Chart: Required.** Three-Page Limit. All applications require submission of a logic model chart. See the specific requirements for logic models in Part II § C. The project-specific logic model must provide details for the: inputs, outputs (activities and participants), and outcomes, situation, assumptions, and external factors of the proposed project. The logic model planning process may also be used to develop your project before writing your application. Format this information as a logic model chart. Refer to the logic model chart in your project description, evaluation plans, and elsewhere, as applicable. Title the attachment as ‘Logic Model’ and save file as ‘LogicModel’. Other Attachments. The font for the logic model chart may be smaller than the 12-point font required for the project narrative. The pages for the logic model chart do not count toward the 18-page limit for the project narrative. **Proposals that are non-compliant with the requirements for a logic model chart will be at risk of being excluded from NIFA review.** For samples and templates see IPM Planning and Evaluation; additional information is available on the NIFA and University of Wisconsin web sites: Integrated Programs' Logic Model Planning Process; Logic Model Planning Process; and Program Development and Evaluation.

Please note: The programmatic logic model chart for the MBT program (Table 3) incorporates stakeholder input, anticipated outcomes, and all appropriate elements. NIFA will use the programmatic logic model to guide the development of future funding priorities and to document the impact of investments made by the MBT program.

i. **Summary of Previous Work on Methyl Bromide Alternatives:** Provide a summary of your work on methyl bromide alternatives that was previously funded from all sources (if applicable), progress toward completion, general conclusions and remaining funds balances.

j. **Centers of Excellence Justification:** Applicants requesting consideration of COE status must include their justification at the end of their Project Narratives and within the page limits provided for the project narrative.

For consideration as a COE, you must provide a brief justification statement, as part of your Project Narrative and within the page limits provided, which describes how you meet the standards of a COE, based on the following criteria:

1. The ability of the COE to ensure coordination and cost effectiveness by reducing unnecessarily duplicative efforts in the research, teaching, and extension activities outlined in this application;
2. In addition to any applicable matching requirements, the ability of the COE to leverage available resources by using public-private partnerships among agricultural industry groups, institutions of higher education, and the federal government in the proposed research and/or extension activities outlined in this application. Resources leveraged be commensurate with the size of the award;
3. The planned scope and capability of the COE to implement teaching initiatives that increase awareness and effectively disseminate solutions to target audiences through
 extension activities of the proposed research and/or extension activity outlined in this application; and
4. The ability or capacity of the COE to increase the economic returns to rural communities by identifying, attracting, and directing funds to high-priority agricultural issues in support of and as a result of the implementation of the proposed research and/or extension activity outlined in this application.

Additionally, where practicable (not required), COE applicants should describe proposed efforts to improve teaching capacity and infrastructure at colleges and universities (including land-grant colleges and universities, cooperating forestry schools, certified Non-Land Grant Colleges of Agriculture (NLGCA).

k. Response to Previous Review (if applicable): The response to previous review must not exceed two 1.5 spaced pages. This does not count towards the page limit for the PN.


R&R Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded). See Part V § 5 of the Application Guide for profile requirements, details about the biographical sketch, and suggested support templates.

R&R Personal Data. This information is voluntary and is not a precondition of award (see Part V § 6 of the Application Guide).

R&R Budget. See Part V § 7 of the Application Guide.
1. Match – If an applicant concludes that the matching requirements described under Part III § B of this RFA is not applicable to them; the applicant must include an explanation of their conclusion in the budget justification. NIFA will consider this justification when determining final matching requirements or if required matching can be waived. NIFA retains the right to make final determinations regarding matching requirements. Grants that require matching funds as specified under Part III § B of this RFA must list in their budget justification the matching sources, the identification of the entity(ies) providing the match, and the total pledged amount. A written verification of commitments of matching support (a pledge agreement) is not required. However, applicants are subject to the documentation, valuing and reporting requirements, as specified in 2 CFR Part 200, “Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance),” and 7 CFR 3430, “Competitive and Noncompetitive Non-Formula Federal Assistance Programs – General Award Administrative Provisions.”
2. Indirect cost (IDC) – See Part IV § C of this RFA for funding restrictions regarding indirect cost, and Part V § 7.9 of the Application Guide for additional information.
3. Project Director Meeting. MBT awardees are required to have at least one member of the project team attend the annual International Methyl Bromide Alternatives Outreach Conference starting with the second year of funding, or another relevant conference if applicable. Funds must be included in the budget with details included in the budget narrative. See Part II § C of this RFA.
**Data Management Plan.** A DMP is required for this program. Applicants should clearly articulate how the project director (PD) and co-PDs plan to manage and disseminate the data generated by the project. The DMP will be considered during the merit review process (see Part V § B of this RFA, Part III § 3.1 of the Application Guide and NIFA’s Data Management Plan).

**Supplemental Information Form.** See Part VI § 1 of the Application Guide.
1. Field 2. Program to which the applicant is applying. Enter the program “Methyl Bromide Transition” and the program code “112.C.” Accurate entry is critical.
2. Field 8. Conflict of Interest List. See Part VI § 1.8 of the Application Guide.

**Representations Regarding Felony Conviction and Tax Delinquent Status for Corporate Applicants.** This is required for corporate applicants. See Part VI § 2 of the Application Guide for a description of the term, “corporation.”

**C. Funding Restrictions**

**Indirect Cost (IDC) not to exceed 30 percent of Total Federal Funds Awarded (TFFA) of the recipient.** Section 1462(a) and (c) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (NARETPA) limits IDC for the overall award to 30 percent of Total Federal Funds Awarded (TFFA) under a research, education, or extension grant. The maximum IDC rate allowed under the award is determined by calculating the amount of IDC using:

1. the sum of an institution’s negotiated indirect cost rate and the indirect cost rate charged by sub-awardees, if any; or
2. 30 percent of TFFA.

The maximum allowable IDC rate under the award, including the IDC charged by the sub-awardee(s), if any, is the lesser of the two rates.

If the result of number one is the lesser of the two rates, the grant recipient is allowed to charge the negotiated IDC rate on the prime award and the sub-award(s), if any. Any sub-awards would be subject to the sub-awardee’s negotiated IDC rate. The sub-awardee may charge its negotiated IDC rate on its portion of the award, provided the sum of the IDC rate charged under the award by the prime awardee and the sub-awardee(s) does not exceed 30 percent of the TFFA.

If the result of number two is the lesser of the two rates, then the maximum IDC rate allowed for the overall award, including any sub-award(s), is limited to 30 percent of the TFFA. That is, the IDC of the prime awardee plus the sum of the IDC charged by the sub-awardee(s), if any, may not exceed 30 percent of the TFFA.

In the event of an award, the prime awardee is responsible for ensuring the maximum indirect cost allowed for the award is not exceeded when combining IDC for the Federal portion (i.e., prime and sub-awardee(s)) and any applicable cost-sharing (see 7 CFR 3430.52(b)). Amounts exceeding the maximum allowable IDC are considered unallowable. See sections 408 and 410 of 2 CFR 200.

Successful applicants must not use grant funds awarded under the authority of this RFA to renovate or refurbish research, education, or extension space; purchase or install fixed equipment in such space; or to plan, repair, rehabilitate, acquire, or construct buildings or facilities.
PART V. APPLICATION REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

A. NIFA’s Evaluation Process
NIFA evaluates each application in a two-part process. First, we screen each application to ensure that it meets the administrative requirements as set forth in this RFA. Second, a scientific peer-review process will be used to technically evaluate applications that meet the administrative requirements using a review panel (see NIFA Peer Review Process).

Scientific Peer Review Process:
NIFA selects reviewers for the review panel based upon their training and experience in relevant scientific, extension, or education fields, taking into account the following factors:

- the level of relevant formal scientific, technical education, or extension experience of the individual, as well as the extent to which an individual is engaged in relevant research, education, or extension activities;
- the need to include experts from various areas of specialization within relevant scientific, education, or extension fields;
- the need to include other experts (e.g., producers, range or forest managers/operators, and consumers) who can assess relevance of the applications to targeted audiences and to program needs;
- the need to include experts from a variety of organizational types (e.g., colleges, universities, industry, state and Federal agencies, and private profit and non-profit organizations) and geographic locations;
- the need to maintain a balanced composition with regard to minority and female representation and an equitable age distribution; and
- the need to include reviewers who can judge the effective usefulness of each application to producers and the general public.

After each peer review panel has completed its deliberations, the responsible program staff of NIFA will recommend that your project is either approved for support from currently available funds or declined due to insufficient funds or unfavorable review.

NIFA reserves the right to negotiate with the PD/PI and/or the submitting organization or institution regarding project revisions (e.g., reductions in the scope of work, funding level, period, or method of support) prior to recommending any project for funding.

After the review process has been completed, NIFA sends copies of reviews, *not* including the identity of reviewers, and a summary (if applicable) of the review panel comments to the PD.

Conflicts of interest. NIFA takes extreme care to prevent any actual or perceived conflicts of interest that may influence the review or evaluation (see NIFA Peer Review Process for Competitive Grant Applications).

B. Evaluation Criteria
1. NIFA will use the following criteria to evaluate applications responding to unless described in the application and funded in the approved federal awards. This provision does not apply to the acquisition of supplies, material, equipment, or general support services;
2. Changes in the approved cost-sharing or matching provided by the non-federal entity; and
3. The need for additional federal funds to complete the project.
C. Confidential Aspects of Applications and Awards
When an application results in an award, it becomes a part of NIFA transaction records, which are available to the public. Information that the Secretary of Agriculture determines to be confidential, privileged, or proprietary in nature will be held in confidence to the extent permitted by law. Therefore, applicants should clearly mark any information within the application they wish to have considered as confidential, privileged, or proprietary. NIFA will retain a copy of an application that does not result in an award for three years. Such an application will be released only with the consent of the applicant or to the extent required by law. An applicant may withdraw at any time prior to the final action thereon.

D. Regulatory Information
This program is not subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with state and local officials. Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), the collection of information requirements contained in this notice have been approved under OMB Document No. 0524-0039.
APPENDIX I: AGENCY CONTACT

Programmatic Contact

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ann Lichens-Park</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ann.park@usda.gov">ann.park@usda.gov</a></td>
<td>202-445-5483</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NIFA’s Mailing Address:
National Institute of Food and Agriculture
6501 Beacon Drive
Kansas City, Missouri 64133
# APPENDIX II: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Acronyms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authorized Representative</td>
<td>AR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education reform Act of 1998</td>
<td>AREERA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance</td>
<td>CFDA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center of Excellence</td>
<td>COE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Management Plan</td>
<td>DMP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Institute of Food and Agriculture</td>
<td>NIFA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Request for Application</td>
<td>RFA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research, Education, and Economics</td>
<td>REE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States Department of Agriculture</td>
<td>USDA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX III: DEFINITIONS

Refer to 7 CFR 3430 Competitive and Noncompetitive Non-formula Federal Assistance Programs – General Award Administrative Provisions for additional definitions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terms</th>
<th>Definitions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Pest Management (IPM)</td>
<td>Is “a sustainable approach to managing pests by combining biological, cultural, physical, and chemical tools in a way that minimizes economic, health and environmental risks.” (Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008). The National IPM Roadmap (2018) provides further description of IPM (see <a href="#">National IPM Road Map</a>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Project</td>
<td>A project incorporating two or three functions of the agricultural knowledge system (research, education, and extension) around a problem or activity. For the MBT program, research and extension must be included in integrated projects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matching</td>
<td>The process through which a grant recipient match awarded USDA funds with cash and in-kind contributions on a dollar-for-dollar basis. The matching funds must derive from non-Federal sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MBTOC</td>
<td>Methyl Bromide Technical Options Committee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multidisciplinary project</td>
<td>A project in which investigators from two or more disciplines collaborate to address a common problem. These collaborations, where appropriate, may integrate the biological, physical, chemical, or social sciences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Application</td>
<td>An application not previously submitted to a program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partnership</td>
<td>Requires that all partners have a substantial involvement in the project throughout the life of the project. If a partnership between multiple entities is proposed, the proposal must clearly identify the following: 1. A narrative of each entity's clearly established role in the project; 2. How each entity involved as a partner on the project will contribute to execution of project objectives, determine experimental design, develop the project work plan and time table, and submit collaborative, timely reports; and 3. A comprehensive project budget that reflects each entity's financial or in-kind contribution to the total project budget costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resubmitted Application</td>
<td>A project application that was previously submitted to a program, but the application was not funded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>